

# Technical data sheet TDS0142

# PREMIER PLATINUM INFRARED

**HIGH RANGE CARBON DIOXIDE SENSOR** 

**Exd Certified versions** 

\*\*\* Available in EN50271 / SIL1 Certified versions \*\*\*





MSH-P/HCO2P MSHia-P/HCO2P

# **FEATURES**

- **★** Combines all the features of the well-proven range of Premier SO2 sensors.
- **★** Offers reduced response times when compared with earlier versions.
- **★** Contains all the necessary optics, electronics and firmware to provide a linearised, temperature-compensated output for both methane and propane.
- ★ Choice of output format digital output (floating point and binary), direct pellistor replacement or industry standard 0.4 to 2 volts. Manual calibration option can be performed without digital commands.
- **★** User configurable using USB powered Premier Configuration Unit.
- ★ Internal Flash memory allowing sensor firmware updates via configuration equipment.
- **★** Enhanced EMC protection.

# **Dynament Limited**

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## **DESCRIPTION**

Dynament infrared sensors operate by using the NDIR principle to monitor the presence of the target gas. The sensor contains a long life tungsten filament infrared light source, an optical cavity into which gas diffuses, a dual temperature compensated pyroelectric infrared detector, an integral semiconductor temperature sensor and electronics to process the signals from the pyroelectric detector.

Two versions are available:-

# 3 Pin Version - Pellistor Replacement Infrared

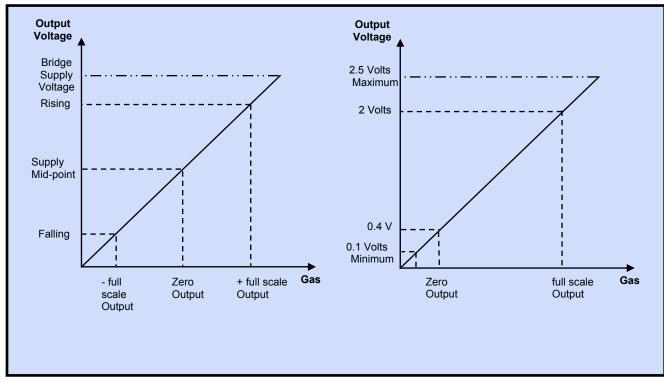
These sensors provide a pellistor style linearised, temperature-compensated output as shown in Graph 1.

They can either be supplied pre-set to customer specification or may be configured by the user by means of a configuration unit available from Dynament Ltd. The output signal can be set to rise or fall with increase in the gas level.

## 5 Pin Version - Multi-Purpose Range

This version of the sensor provides maximum user flexibility by providing the following output options:-

- ★ Industry Standard 0.4 to 2 volt linearised, temperature-compensated output as shown in Graph 2, or alternative voltages for zero and full-scale outputs.
- ★ Digital output for direct communications with instrument electronics.
- ★ Rising or falling output with increasing gas level for the pellistor replacement, bridge output as shown in graph 1.



Graph 1
Pellistor Replacement Output Characteristic

Graph 2 0.4 – 2 Volt Output Characteristic

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# **Patent Protection**

The sensor design is protected by the following Patents

Great Britain GB 2 401 432 & GB 2 403 291

Europe EP 1544603 & EP 1818667-Pending

 France
 EP [ FR ] 1544603

 Germany
 EP [ DE ] 1544603

 Italy
 EP [ I ] I1544603

 Switzerland
 EP [ CH ] 1544603

USA 7, 244, 939

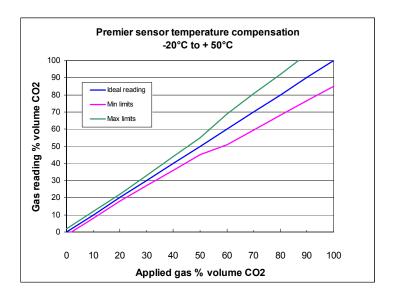
**Other World Patents Pending** 

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# **Temperature Compensation**

The Premier sensor is temperature compensated over the range of -20 $^{\circ}$ C to +50 $^{\circ}$ C. The output variation is ± 2% full scale or ±10% of the reading up to 50% full scale and ± 15% of the reading from 50% to 100% full scale, which ever is greater.

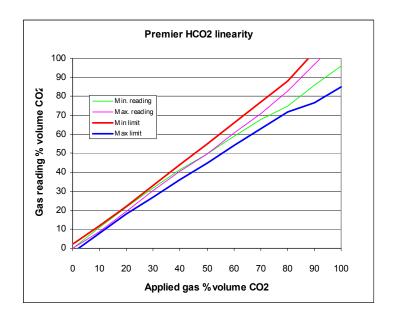
The following graph is based on the hydrocarbon sensor being characterised for propane.



# Linearity

The Premier sensor linearity at ambient temperature is  $\pm$  3% full scale or  $\pm$  10% of the reading up to 80% full scale and  $\pm$  15% of the reading from 80% to 100% full scale, whichever is greater.

The following graph is based on the 0-100% v/v sensor, data for 24 sensors.



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#### **Calibration options**

Dynament recommend a maximum interval of 12 months between calibration checks. A small amount of zero drift can be accommodated by re-zeroing the gas detector against the sensor. The degree of drift that is acceptable should be determined by the user. Note that the subsequent change in gas reading will be greater than the change in zero reading.

The High Range Carbon Dioxide Gas sensor has one measuring range.

Range 2 0-100% volume carbon dioxide

If the sensor requires either a "Zero" or "Span" adjustment, there are three methods that can be used:

- 1) By using the "Premier Configuration Unit"

  When used in conjunction with dedicated PC software, this device uses the data communication pins on the sensor to provide a means of calibration.
- 2) By using the data communications pins and software written in accordance with the protocol supplied by Dynament.
- 3) By using the "Manual Calibration". "Zero" and "Span" operations can be performed by momentarily connecting the data communication pins to the negative supply pin. Refer to data sheet TDS0064 for full instructions. The "Manual Calibration" option must be specified when the sensors are ordered.

Gas calibration is best carried out at 50% of the measuring range. Other calibration levels, between 10% and 100% of the range can be used but may affect the accuracy of the readings.

If the calibration gas level is entered incorrectly, there will be an error in the calibration. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the calibration procedure is correctly applied. Checks on the correct calibration gas level that are used during span operations should be implemented within the calibration routine of the host gas detector's firmware.

Note: a zero calibration must always be carried out before a span calibration.

#### Sensor warm-up time

When power is first applied to the sensor, the voltage at the output pin is held at a pre-determined level. The default setting for this start-up value is the "zero gas" value. This condition is maintained for a default "warm-up" time of 45 seconds, after this time the output voltage represents the calculated gas value. Sensors can take up to 1 minute to indicate the correct gas reading.

Note: the sensor can calculate any reading from -100% FSD to +200% FSD in the first minute. The output value that is read using the communications pins is always held at -250% FSD during the "warm-up" time.

Both the voltage at the output pin during the "warm-up" time, and the duration of the "warm-up" time can be pre-programmed to alternative values at the time of ordering sensors.

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#### Temperature transients and gas flow rates.

The Premier sensor employs a pyroelectric detector, the output from which can be disrupted by sudden changes in temperature. If there is an excessive change in the ambient temperature, gas sample temperature or flow rate, then the output signal will be momentarily frozen. Correct operation is restored when the effects of the transient have settled. Rates of change in the ambient temperature should be restricted to 2°C/minute and gas flow rates kept below 600 cc/minut.

#### Power supply considerations

The sensor power supply rise time must be less than 50 mS to ensure correct operation. Operation outside the range of 3-5 V dc will result in either fault indication, or the sensor will not function correctly.

# Sensor over-range condition

The sensor will continue to provide an output up to a pre-determined percentage of the full scale value; at this point the reading is clamped, regardless of any further increase in detected gas level. The over-range value should be specified when ordering; choose from the following values 100%, 125%, 150% and 200% The linearity of the output is only guaranteed up to the full scale for the sensor; the over-range condition for the host instrument should therefore be determined by the user.

#### Sensor fault indication

The sensor constantly performs checks on the internal memory contents, the incoming supply voltage and the analogue signal values. These checks are used to ensure that the sensor is operating within its correct parameters, and that no internal faults have developed.

If a fault condition is detected:

- 1) the output will be set to 0V.
- 2) The output value that is read when using the communications pins, instead of the voltage output pin, will be set to -250% full-scale.

As mentioned in the "Sensor warm-up time" section above, the voltage at the output pin during the warm-up time can be specified when ordering sensors.

#### Digital interface

The digital communication pins "RX" and "TX" operate at a 2.8V logic level. When interfacing to external circuitry that uses a higher voltage level it is necessary to limit the current that can flow. The external voltage level should be 5V maximum and a 3K3 resistor should be used in series with each communication pin.

The Rx and Tx voltage limits are as follows:

RX - VIH: Input 'High' minimum voltage - 0.8 VDD = 2.24V RX - VIL: Input 'Low' maximum voltage - 0.2 VDD = 0.56V

TX - VOH: Output 'High' minimum voltage - VDD - 0.7 = 2.1

TX - VOL: Output 'Low' maximum voltage - 0.6V

Contact Dynament Ltd for details of the required protocol.

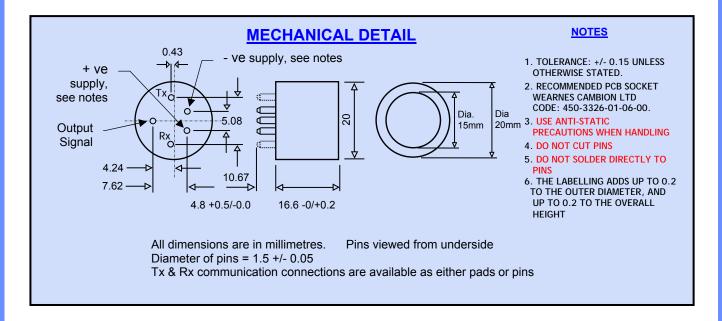
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SPECIFICATION @ 20°C (68°F) ambient temperature		
Operating Voltage Range:	3.0 – 5.0 V d.c.	
Operating Current:	Constant current operation, current range 75 – 85mA	
Programmable Output Voltage Ranges:	Voltage Output Types – 0.1V to 2.7V d.c. Bridge Output Types – 0v to Bridge Supply Voltage	
Measuring range:	0-10% volume up to 0-100% volume	
Resolution:	0.1%	
Linearity:	The linearity at ambient temperature is $\pm$ 3% full scale or $\pm$ 10% of the reading up to 80% full scale and $\pm$ 15% of the reading from 80% to 100% full scale, whichever is greater.	
Warm up time:	To final zero ± 2% full-scale: 1 minute	
Accuracy:	± 10% of the reading at 20°C (68°F), 1 bar pressure, applied gas	
Pressure	$\pm5\%$ of the calibration pressure to maintain the accuracy limits	
Propane response Time T <sub>50</sub> :	<15s	
Propane response Time T <sub>90</sub> :	<30s	
Zero Repeatability:	±1% volume CO2	
Span Repeatability:	± 2% volume CO2	
Long term zero drift:	± 2% volume CO2 per month	
Operating temperature range:	-20°C to +50°C (-4°F to 122°F)	
Temperature performance over the range -20°C to +50°C(-4°F to 122°F):	$\pm$ 10% of reading up to 50% full scale, $\pm$ 15% of reading from 50% to 100% full scale, or 2% full scale whichever is greater over the range $$ -20°C to +50°C $(-4^{\circ}F$ to 122°F)	
Storage temperature range:	-20°C to +50°C (-4°F to 122°F)	
Humidity range:	0 to 95% RH non-condensing.	
Digital signal format:	8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity. 2.8V logic level	
Standard baud rates:	38,400, 19,200, 9600, 4800	
User configurable parameters and functions:	Zero output voltage Full-scale output voltage Positive or negative going output Sensor 'zero' function Sensor 'span' function Over-range value	
MTBF:	> 5 years	
Weight :	15 grams	

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CERTIFICATION DETAILS			
European ATEX Certification	Sensor types MSH-P, MSH-PS	Sensor types MSHia-P, MSHia-PS	
Approval body	SIRA		
Certificate Number	SIRA 04ATEX1357U (Ex & EN50271 / SIL1)		
Test Standards	EN60079-0:2009, EN60079-1:2007, EN60079-11:2007, EN60079-26:2007 EN 50271:2010		
Certification Codes	I M2 Ex d I Mb II 2 G Ex d IIC Gb	I M1 Ex d+ia I Ma II 2 G Ex d IIC Gb	
Input parameters	0.8W max, 30V max. (See footnote)	Ui=6V dc, Pi=0.8W (See footnote)	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C (See footnote)		
International IECEx Certification	Sensor types MSH-P, MSH-PS	Sensor types MSHia-P, MSHia-PS	
Approval body	SIRA		
Certificate Number	IECEx SIR 05.0053U		
Test Standards	IEC 60079-0:2007-10, Edition 5 IEC60079-1:2007-4, Edition 6 EN 60079-26:2006 Edition 2		
Certification Codes	Ex d I and/or Ex d IIC	Ma Ex d+ia I and/or Gb Ex d IIC	
Input parameters	0.8W max, 30V max.	Ui=6V dc, Pi=0.8W	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C (See footnote)		
North American Certification	Sensor type MSH-P	Sensor type MSHia-P	
Approval body	Underwriters Laboratory Inc.	Underwriters Laboratory Inc.	
File Reference	E336365	E336365	
Test Standards	UL 60079 – 0, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition UL 60079 - 1, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-0-1-7 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-1 part 1, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition	UL913 7 <sup>th</sup> , Edition UL 60079 – 0, 4 <sup>th</sup> , Edition UL 60079 – 11, 2 <sup>nd</sup> , Edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 157-92	
Hazardous Locations	Class 1, Zone 1, AEx d IIC and Ex d IIC Hazardous Locations	Class I, II, III, Division 1  Class 1, Zone 0, AEx ia IIC, T4 with  60°C ambient	
Input/Entity parameters	0.8W max, 30V max.	Ui=6V dc, Pi=0.8W, Ci=4.105μF, Li=0 mH	
Input parameters are defined for certification purposes only, refer to the "Specification" table for the sensor operating voltage and temperature range.			

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NOTE – The above pin configuration is shown for the POSITIVE version of the sensor. The NEGATIVE version has the +ve and –ve supply pin positions exchanged. See ordering details.

#### Warranty information

All Dynament Platinum sensors carry a five year warranty against defects in materials and workmanship. The warranty is invalidated if the sensors are used under conditions other than those specified in this data sheet.

Particular attention should be paid to the following criteria:

- Observe the correct supply polarity
- Do not exceed the maximum rated supply voltage of 5V
- Do not solder directly to the sensor pins
- Do not expose the sensor to corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulphide
- Do not allow condensation to take place within the sensor

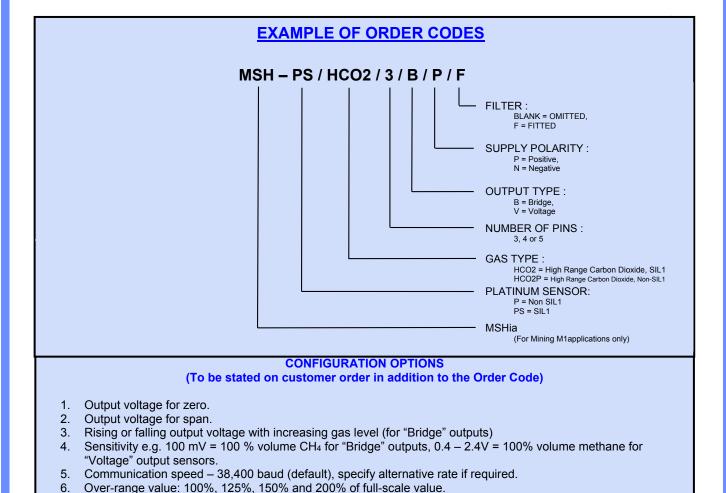
Dynament reserve the right to alter technical specifications, without prior notice, when it is appropriate to implement a technical enhancement that leads to improved performance. Should any changes be required that could affect the customer's use of the product, Dynament will endeavour to contact customers directly to inform them of the changes.

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#### **Ordering Details**

In order to completely specify the type of sensor that is required, the customer needs to provide the following information:-

- An Order Code (see below) that specifies the sensors' basic physical and electrical characteristics.
- The sensor configuration requirements, including the required gas measurement ranges.



# Pellistor Replacement - Explanation of Positive & Negative Polarity



**Typical Pellistor Pinout** 



Premier Negative Polarity Option

Use where the DET pin of the existing pellistor is connected to the Negative of the pellistor bridge supply.



Note - On the 3 pin

version of the sensor, the RX and TX connections are pads, not pins.

# Premier Positive Polarity Option

Use where DET pin of the existing pellistor is connected to the Positive of the pellistor bridge supply.

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